

Wood and Wood Dust

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Wood and Wood Dust (Without Chemical Treatments or Resins/Adhesives)

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Particles generated by manual or mechanical cutting or abrasion process

performed on wood.

SYNONYMS: Untreated wood, Sawdust, Sanderdust

U.N. NUMBER: None

U.N. DANGEROUS GOODS CLASS: Non-Regulated Material

SUPPLIER/MANUFACTURER'S NAME: Northwest Hardwoods Inc.

ADDRESS: 1313 Broadway, Suite 300, Tacoma WA, 98402

BUSINESS PHONE: 253-568-6800 (For product information)

WEB SITE: www.northwesthardwoods.com

DATE OF PREPARATION: May 17, 2023
DATE OF LAST REVISION: November 13, 2017

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Wood Dust is a light to dark colored granular solid with odor dependent upon wood species and time since dust was generated.

HEALTH HAZARDS: The primary health hazard posed by this product is dust inhalation which can cause respiratory system irritation. Contact with skin and eyes can also cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of wood dust may cause cancer.

FLAMMABILITY: Depending on the moisture content and particulate diameter, wood dust may explode in the presence of an ignition source. An airborne concentration of 40 grams of dust per cubic meter of air is often used as the LEL for wood dusts.

ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS: The Environmental effects of this product have not been investigated, however this product is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects.

GHS HAZARD SYMBOL(S)





Signal Word: Warning!

This product meets the definition of a hazardous substance or preparation as defined by the European Union Council Directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, 1272/2008/EC and subsequent Directives.

COMPONENTS DETERMINING HAZARDS:

Wood Dust

GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION(S):

Eye Irritation Category 2B

Skin Irritation Category 3

Carcinogen Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 3

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H320 Causes eye irritation

H316 Causes mild skin irritation

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

PREVENTION STATEMENTS:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.



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RESPONSE STATEMENTS:

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention P332+P313 If skin irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a Poison Center/Doctor if you feel unwell

STORAGE STATEMENTS:

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up

DISPOSAL STATEMENTS:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

HEALTH HAZARDS OR RISKS FROM EXPOSURE:

ACUTE:

INHALATION: Exposure to wood dust may cause irritation to the moist mucous membranes of the nose, throat, and upper respiratory system.

EYE CONTACT: Direct eye contact can cause irritation with redness, tearing and blurred vision.

SKIN CONTACT: May cause skin irritation.

INGESTION: Ingestion of this product is not a likely route of entry.

CHRONIC: Wood Dust is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, OSHA, or IARC. IARC – Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans; sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity. This classification is primarily based on studies showing association exposure to wood dust and Adenocarcinoma of the nasal cavities and Paranasal sinuses. IARC did not find sufficient evidence of an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and other cancers.

TARGET ORGANS: ACUTE: Eye, Skin, Respiratory System

CHRONIC: Respiratory System

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:	CAS#	WT %	HAZARD CLASSIFICATION; RISK PHRASES
Wood Dust	Not Listed	100%	Carcinogen Cat 2, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2B, STOT SE 3

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: If wood dust enters the eyes, open eyes while under gentle running water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation or blurred vision continues.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Seek medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

INHALATION: If breathing becomes difficult, remove victim to fresh air. If necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions. Seek medical attention immediately.

INGESTION: If wood dust is swallowed, call physician or poison control center for most current information. If professional advice is not available, do not induce vomiting. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who cannot swallow. Seek medical advice. Take a copy of the label and/or SDS with the victim to the health professional.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders or respiratory conditions may aggravate condition by exposure to wood dust.

RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS: Treat symptoms and reduce over-exposure.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not Applicable

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Dependent upon duration of exposure to heat source and other

variables Typ. 400-500°F (204-260°C)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (in air by volume, %): Lower (LEL): See note below Upper (UEL): Not Established

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FIRE EXTINGUISHING MATERIALS:

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam. Do not use forced stream as this could cause fire to spread.

Wood dust is a strong to severe explosion hazard if a dust cloud contacts an ignition source. Depending on the moisture content and particulate diameter, wood dust may explode in the presence of an ignition source. An airborne concentration of 40 grams of dust per cubic meter of air is often used as the LEL for wood dusts Not Sensitive.

Not Sensitive

Incipient fire responders should wear eye protection. Structural firefighters must wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment. Isolate materials not yet involved in the fire and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk; otherwise, cool with carefully applied water spray. If possible, prevent runoff water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmentally sensitive areas.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SPILL AND LEAK RESPONSE: Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as described in Section 8. Cleanup using shovel, sweeping or vacuum. Avoid dry sweeping which creates dust. Apply water spray to prevent airborne dust. Scrape up wet material and place in an appropriate container.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING and STORAGE

WORK PRACTICES AND HYGIENE PRACTICES: Avoid dusty conditions and provide good ventilation. Avoid eye contact. Avoid repeated or prolonged contact with skin. Careful bathing and clean clothes after exposure. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of wood dust in the air.

STORAGE AND HANDLING PRACTICES: Avoid contact with oxidizing agents and drying oils. Avoid open flame.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS - PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS/GUIDELINES:

Chemical Name	CAS#	ACGIH TWA	OSHA TWA
Wood Dust	Not Assigned	1.0 mg/m³ Inhalable 0.5mg/m³ Inhalable Western Red Cedar	15 mg/m³ Total Dust 5.0 mg/m³ Respirable fraction

Currently, International exposure limits are not established for all the components of this product. Please check with competent authority in each country for the most recent limits in place.

VENTILATION AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use with adequate ventilation to ensure exposure levels are maintained below the limits provided above. Use local exhaust ventilation to control airborne vapors.

The following information on appropriate Personal Protective Equipment is provided to assist employers in complying with OSHA regulations found in 29 CFR Subpart I (beginning at 1910.132) or equivalent standard of Canada. Please reference applicable regulations and standards for relevant details.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Maintain airborne contaminant concentrations below guidelines listed above, if applicable. If necessary, use only respiratory protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), equivalent U.S. State standards, Canadian CSA Standard Z94.4-93.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses as appropriate were contact is possible. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133 or appropriate Canadian Standards.

HAND PROTECTION: Wear gloves as appropriate to reduce skin contact. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138 or appropriate Standards of Canada.

BODY PROTECTION: Use body protection appropriate to prevent skin contact (e.g. lab coat, overalls). If necessary, refer to appropriate Standards of Canada, or appropriate Standards of the EU, Australian Standards, or relevant Japanese Standards.



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SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Solid

APPEARANCE & ODOR: Wood dust is a light to dark colored granular solid with

odor dependent upon wood species and time since dust

was generated.

ODOR THRESHOLD (PPM): Mild

VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg):

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):

RELATIVE DENSITY

EVAPORATION RATE (nBuAc = 1):

BOILING POINT (C°):

Met Applicable

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

Not Applicable

pH: 4 - 6

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 20°C: (WATER =1) Variable dependent on wood species and moisture content

SOLUBILITY IN WATER (%) Insoluble

VOC:
WEIGHT PER GALLON:
PARTITION COEFFICIENT (n-octanol/water):
No Data Available
No Data Available
No Data Available
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:
No Data Available

SECTION 10 - STABILITY and REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Wood dust is stable

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: When heated to decomposition this product produces oxides of carbon and potentially toxic fumes and gases.

MATERIALS WITH WHICH SUBSTANCE IS INCOMPATIBLE: Avoid contact with oxidizing agents and drying oils.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Contact with incompatible materials and ignition sources.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY DATA:

Wood dust (softwood or hardwood) OSHA hazard rating = 3.3; moderately toxic with probable oral lethal dose to humans being 0.5 - 5 g/kg (about 1 pound for a 150 pound person).

Source: OSHA Regulated hazardous Substances, Government Institutes, Inc.

SUSPECTED CANCER AGENT: One or more of the ingredients are found on the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP, CAL/OSHA, IARC and therefore is considered to be, or suspected to be a cancer-causing agent by these agencies.

Wood Dust is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, OSHA, or IARC. IARC – Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans; sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity. This classification is primarily based on studies showing association exposure to wood dust and Adenocarcinoma of the nasal cavities and Paranasal sinuses. IARC did not find sufficient evidence of an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and other cancers.

IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: Contact with this product can be irritating to skin and eyes.

SENSITIZATION OF PRODUCT: Ingredients in this product are not considered a sensitizer.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: No information available

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ALL WORK PRACTICES MUST BE AIMED AT ELIMINATING ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION.

ENVIRONMENTAL STABILITY: Wood dust in soil contact will degrade readily.

EFFECT OF MATERIAL ON PLANTS or ANIMALS: No evidence is currently available on this wood dust effects on plants and animals. Wood dust may contain ingredients that are considered hazardous.

EFFECT OF CHEMICAL ON AQUATIC LIFE: No evidence is currently available on wood dust effects on aquatic life. Wood dust may contain ingredients that are considered hazardous to aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS



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PREPARING WASTES FOR DISPOSAL: Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate U.S. Federal, State, and local regulations, those of Australia, EU Member States and Japan. Wood dust is not considered hazardous waste under Federal Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

US DOT; IATA; IMO; ADR:

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT HAZARDOUS AS DEFINED BY 49 CFR 172.101 BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Non-Regulated Material HAZARD CLASS NUMBER and DESCRIPTION: None

UN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: None

PACKING GROUP: None

DOT LABEL(S) REQUIRED: None

NORTH AMERICAN EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK NUMBER (2004): None

MARINE POLLUTANT: None of the ingredients are classified by the DOT as a Marine Pollutant (as defined by 49 CFR 172.101, Appendix B)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT) SHIPPING REGULATIONS:

Wood dust is not classified as dangerous goods, per U.S. DOT regulations, under 49 CFR 172.101.

TRANSPORT CANADA, TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS REGULATIONS:

Wood dust is not classified as Dangerous Goods, per regulations of Transport Canada.

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION (IATA):

Wood dust is not classified as Dangerous Goods, by rules of IATA:

INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION (IMO) DESIGNATION:

Wood dust is not classified as Dangerous Goods by the International Maritime Organization.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES REGULATIONS

SARA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS: Wood dust is not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 302, 304 and 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act., as follows:

TSCA: All components in this product are not listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory of chemicals.

SARA 311/312:

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: Yes Fire: No Reactivity: No

<u>U.S. SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY:</u> There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for this product. The default Federal MSDS submission and inventory requirement filing threshold of 10,000 lb (4,540 kg) may apply, per 40 CFR 370.20.

U.S. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ): None

CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT (PROPOSITION 65):

WARNING! Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust and other substances known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling dust generated from wood products or use a dust mask or other safeguards to avoid inhaling dust generated from wood products. Wood products emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY INFORMATION:

This product meets the definition of a hazardous substance or preparation as defined by the European Union Council Directives 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, 1272/2008/EC and subsequent Directives. See Section 2 for Details.

Chemical Safety Assessment:

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

CANADIAN REGULATIONS:

CANADIAN DSL/NDSL INVENTORY STATUS: All of the components of this product are on the DSL Inventory CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) PRIORITIES SUBSTANCES LISTS: No component of this product is on the CEPA First Priorities Substance Lists.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASSIFICATION and SYMBOLS: This is not considered to be a hazardous material under the Hazardous Products Act as defined by the Controlled Products Regulations and is therefore subject to the labeling and MSDS requirements of the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Labeling not required.



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SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Rating (Scale 0-4) NFPA Rating (Scale 0-4)

Health hazard: 1
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazard: 0
Health hazard: 1
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazard: 0

Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

DOT Federal Department of Transportation

GHS The Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HMIS Hazardous Material Identification System

HCS Hazard Communication Standard

IARCInternational Agency for Research on CancerIATAThe International Air Transport AssociationICAOThe International Civil Aviation OrganizationIMDGInternational Maritime Dangerous GoodsIMOInternational Maritime OrganizationLD50/LC50Lethal Concentration/Dose, 50 percentNFPANational Fire Protection Association

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP National Toxicology Program
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TLV ACGIH Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time-Weighted Average

PREPARED BY: Chris Eigbrett – (MSDS to GHS Compliance)

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The information contained herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be so. Data and calculations are based on information furnished by the manufacturer of the product and manufacturers of the components of the product. Users are advised to confirm in advance of the need that information is current, applicable and suited to the circumstances of use. Northwest Hardwoods Inc assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third party person proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Furthermore, Northwest Hardwoods Inc assumes no responsibility for injury caused by abnormal use of this material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed.

REVISION HISTORY

May 17, 2023 - SDS Review

END OF SDS SHEET